

Part VI: Summary of the risk management plan

Summary of risk management plan for Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma. The RMP details important risks of Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma and how more information will be obtained about Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma's summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma should be used.

I. The medicine and what it is used for

Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma is authorised for long-term therapy after initial treatment with appropriate chemotherapeutic agent of palindromic urinary infections, to provide prophylaxis in patients with short term catheters and also during instrumental procedures and as maintenance therapy of asymptomatic bacteriuria caused by indwelling catheter, urine collector etc. (see SmPC for the full indication). It contains methenamine hippurate as the active substance and it is given by oral administration.

II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma's risks are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute *routine risk minimisation* measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analysed so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute *routine pharmacovigilance activities*.

II.A List of important risks and missing information

Important risks Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely taken. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Methenamine hippurate EQL Pharma Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the long-term use of the medicine);

List of important risks and missing information	
Important identified risks	Drug-drug interactions with sulphonamides Drug-drug interactions with alkaline agents such as antacids
Important potential risks	None
Missing information	None

II.B Summary of important risks

The safety information in the proposed Product Information is aligned to the reference medicinal product.

II.C Post-authorisation development plan

II.C.1 Studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma.

II.C.2 Other studies in post-authorisation development plan

There are no studies required for Methenamine Hippurate EQL Pharma.